Doc Code: AP.PRE.REQ

PTO/SB/33 (07-05)

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Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandría, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	10/667,983		22 September 2003	
on09 February 2009	First Named Inventor			
/John J. Oskorep/				
Signature	Chaudry			
	Art Unit	E	xaminer	
Typed or printed John J. Oskorep, Esq.			Name Total Inch	
name	2618		Nguyen, Tuan Hoang	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-	identified ap	plication. No ar	nendments are being filed	
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The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attac		i).		
Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.				
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applicant/inventor.	/John J. Oskorep/			
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assignee of record of the entire Interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.	John J. Oskorep, Esq.			
(Form PTO/SB/98)	Typed or printed name			
attorney or agent of record. 41,234 Registration number	312	222-1860		
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attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.	09 F	ebruary 2009		
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34			Date	
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required.				
Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.				
*Total of forms are submitted				

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11, 1.14 and 41.6. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS, SEND TO: Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Applicat	tion of:)	
	Chaudry et al.) Art Unit:	2618
Serial No.:	10/667,983) Examiner:	Nguyen, Tuan Hoang
Filing Date:	09/22/2003) Docket No	.: 0108-0222/US

Entitled:

"METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR PRIORITIZING VOICE CALL

REQUESTS DURING DATA COMMUNICATION SESSIONS

WITH A MOBILE DEVICE"

MAIL STOP AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

The Applicant respectfully submits this *Pre-Appeal Brief Request For Review* in response to the Final Office Action mailed on 14 October 2008, and the subsequent Advisory Action mailed on 05 January 2009, for the above-identified patent application.

I. <u>Summary of Disclosure</u>. According to the present disclosure, a mobile communication device has a user interface, one or more processors coupled to the user interface, and a wireless transceiver coupled to the one or more processors and adapted to communicate via a wireless communication network. The one or more processors operate the wireless transceiver for the communication of user data for a connected data communication service for the mobile device via the wireless network. The one or more processors are further operative to receive, through the user interface during the connected data service, a voice call request for initiating a voice call from the mobile device via the wireless network. In response to the receiving of the voice call request during the connected data service, the one or more processors operate to cause a radio traffic channel between the mobile device and the wireless network which is utilized for carrying the user

data for the connected data service to be torn down, and cause the voice call to be established for the mobile device via the wireless network with use of the wireless transceiver.

- II. <u>Claim Rejections</u>. In the Office Action of 14 October 2008, the Examiner rejected claims 1-43 of the present application under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) based on Mishra et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US2002/0087716) and Bremer et al. (U.S. Patent 7,272,215).
- III. <u>Clear Errors In The Examiner's Rejections</u>. To properly establish claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a), the prior art must teach or suggest each and every limitation of the claims. In the present case, the Examiner makes <u>clear errors</u> in attempting to demonstrate that the relied upon art teaches or suggests each and every limitation of the claims. The Examiner's rejections of the claims fail specifically due to <u>any one</u> of the following <u>clear errors</u> made by the Examiner, as described below:
- 1. The Examiner Makes A Clear Error in Failing To Demonstrate That The Relied
 Upon Art Teaches Or Suggests A Mobile Communication Device Which Causes A Radio
 Traffic Channel Utilized For Carrying Data For The Connected Data Communication Service
 To Be Torn Down in Response To Receiving The Voice Call Request As Claimed.

Claims 1-33 of the application are directed to techniques performed by a mobile device adapted to operate in a wireless network. As such, the mobile device utilizes a <u>radio traffic channel</u> with <u>the wireless network</u> for the communication of user data for a connected data session. As claimed, this mobile device receives, via its user interface, the voice call request for the voice call, and <u>causes the radio traffic channel</u> which is utilized for carrying data for the connected data communication service <u>to be torn down</u> in response.

The Examiner utilizes the Mishra et al. reference and the Bremer et al. reference in the rejection of claims. On one hand, the Examiner admits that the Mishra reference fails to teach or suggest the claimed action of "causing a radio traffic channel between the mobile device and the wireless network which is utilized for carrying the user data for the connected data service to be torn down." See e.g. page 3, paragraph 1 of the Final Office Action of 14 October 2008. On the other hand, the Examiner alleges that the Bremer reference teaches or suggests the claimed action.

Specifically, the Examiner makes reference to paragraph [0013] of Bremer to support his assertion. For example, the Examiner finalizes in the Advisory Action merely that

The Applicant should refer to Bremer reference col. 13 lines 38-47 whereas the Examiner interprets the limitation 'the tearing down of a radio traffic channel by any mobile device.'"

Below is the passage of Bremer in full:

For example, based on calling line ID information that is passed as POTS CLASS signaling, an end user may decide to halt or significantly reduce DSL data communications to answer an incoming call from a phone number associated with a family member. However, an incoming phone call with an unknown calling line ID, which might be associated with a telemarketer, may not cause the end user to halt or diminish DSL data communications by answering the incoming POTS call.

Reading the above, the Examiner is <u>clearly</u> wrong. Bremer does <u>not</u> teach or suggest the tearing down of a <u>radio traffic channel</u> with a <u>wireless network</u> by any mobile device. What is described here in Bremer is a <u>plain old telephone system (POTS)</u> with Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) communications. In Bremer, DSL data communications are temporarily ceased upon detecting an open switching interval to allow on-hook CLASS signaling messages to pass over the subscriber loop. As apparent, the Bremer passage relating to the <u>plain old telephone System (POTS)</u> cannot possibly be reasonably characterized to utilize any <u>radio</u> channel with a mobile device. Even further, the Bremer passage does <u>not</u> teach or suggest any radio traffic channel being <u>torn down</u> ("halt or

significantly reduce DSL data communications" is clearly not the same as "tearing down" of any radio traffic channel) by or within any mobile communication device.

The Examiner must demonstrate that the prior art teaches or suggests each and every limitation of the claims. The failure of the Examiner to demonstrate these claim limitations at all is clear error.

2. The Examiner Makes A Clear Error In Failing To Demonstrate That The Prior Art Teaches Or Suggests A Technique Which Involves Receiving, Through A User Interface Of A Mobile Device, A Voice Call Request For Initiating A Voice Call From The Mobile Device, As Claimed.

Claims 1-33 of the present application are specifically directed to techniques performed by a mobile device adapted to operate in a wireless communication network. The mobile device utilizes a radio traffic channel with the wireless network for the communication of user data for a connected data communication session. As claimed, this mobile device is the same device that receives, <u>via its user interface</u>, the <u>voice call request</u> for initiating a voice call from the mobile device, and performs the specifically recited acts in response to such receipt.

The Examiner alleges that the Mishra reference teaches or suggests the recited limitations. However, the Examiner is clearly wrong. Mishra does <u>not</u> teach or suggest the receipt of a voice request via a <u>user interface</u> of a mobile device for <u>initiating</u> a voice call <u>from</u> the mobile device the specifically recited actions. As claimed, the voice call associated with the voice call request is <u>initiated from</u>, not to be answered by, the mobile device.

The Examiner refers to paragraphs [0002] and [0009] of the Mishra reference in alleging the existence of these claimed limitations. In paragraph [0002] of Mishra, it is taught that a wireless network (not a mobile station) receives incoming voice call attempts, which are subsequently rejected by the wireless network. The passage reveals that "[w]hile a mobile station is in an active packet data session, the wireless communication network may automatically reject any incoming voice call attempt to the mobile station." Thus, it is clear that paragraph [0002] of Mishra does not teach or suggest any incoming voice call

request for initiating a voice call from a mobile device which is received at a user interface

of the mobile device. There is no <u>initiation</u> of a voice call from a mobile device in the relied

upon art.

In paragraph [0009] of Mishra, it is taught that a Mobile Switching Center (MSC) sets

up a packet data session with a mobile station for data services. However, what is claimed

is the receipt of a voice call request for initiating a voice call - not a data service - for the

mobile device. Thus, it is clear that paragraph [0009] of Mishra does not teach or suggest

any incoming voice call request for initiating a voice call from a mobile device which is

received at a user interface of the mobile device.

Therefore, with respect to either paragraph [0002] or [0009] of Mishra, the

Examiner is clearly wrong and this is clear error.

The Examiner must demonstrate that the prior art teaches or suggests each and

every limitation of the claims. The failure of the Examiner to demonstrate these claim

limitations at all is clear error.

The Applicant respectfully requests the panel of Examiners to consider the present

Request and arguments with respect to the clear errors made by the Examiner, and take

appropriate action based on the same. Thank you.

Respectfully submitted,

/John J. Oskorep/

JOHN J. OSKOREP

Reg. No. 41,234

Date: 09 February 2009

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